Homework1 – LTI systems, FT of DT signals

1. Determine whether the system has the following properties: stability, causality, linearity, time-invariance, memorylessness.

$$T(x[n]) = a \cdot x[n]$$

$$T(x[n]) = z[n] \cdot x[n], \ z[n] \text{ given}$$

$$T(x[n]) = x[n - n_0]$$

$$T(x[n]) = ax[n] + b$$

Present your reasoning!

2. An LTI system is described by its impulse response h[n]. For input x[n] it produces output y[n].

h[n] is nonzero only for $N_0 \le n \le N_1$

x[n] is nonzero only for $N_2 \leq n \leq N_3$

y[n] is nonzero only for $N_4 \le n \le N_5$

Express N_4 and N_5 in terms of N_0 , N_1 , N_2 , N_3 .

- 3. Let x[n] be a periodic sequence with period N_1 . Thus x[n] is also periodic for period $N_3 = 3N_1$. We may compute $X_1[k] N_1$ -point DFT of x[n] and $X_3[k] N_3$ -point DFT of x[n].
 - express X_3 in terms of X_1
 - invent an example with N-1=2 and calculate X_1 and X_3 by hand.
- 4. Let x[n] be a finite length sequence of length N. Let us define two sequences of length $N_2 = 2N$:

$$x_1(n) = \begin{cases} x(n) & 0 \le n \le N - 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$x_2(n) = \begin{cases} x(n) & 0 \le n \le N - 1 \\ -x(n - N) & N \le n \le 2N - 1 \end{cases}$$

 X_1, X_2, X_3 denote DFT's of respective x's.

- How to compute X[k] from $X_1[k]$?
- How to compute $X_2[k]$ from $X_1[k]$?
- 5. x[n] real, finite length sequence.

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \mathcal{F}(x[n])$$

$$X[k] = DFT(x[n])$$

$$\Im\{X[k]\} = 0$$

Prove or reject: $\Im\{X(e^{j\omega})\}=0$

(notation: 3 denotes imaginary part operator).