Entry test example questions

- 1. Check linearity of a system given by equation:substitute any example from lecture here
- 2. Check stability of a system given by equation:
- 3. Calculate convolution of two signals given by set of samples or given by simple expression (e.g. with $\delta' s$)

Matlab notes

For help, use help <subject>, note that UPPERCASE is used to mark keywords in help only, not in real usage in Matlab....

For plotting DT signals, use markers (plot(n,x,'o') or '-o'). For the continuous couterparts, use lines.

Exercises

Italics denote optional tasks.

- 1. NOT using Matlab, plot by hand two periods of 200 Hz sine wave sampled at 2 kHz. Note number of samples per period.
- 2. Using Matlab sin() function, try to repeat the picture on screen plot. Finally extend the plot to 100 samples length (with the same parameters).
- Applying sgn(x+eps) to your signal x obtain a square wave and plot it. (hint: eps is added to avoid exact zero in x being converted to zero - square wave is either +1 or -1).
- 4. Use A/D converter to get signals (as in 3 and 1) from a generator. Compare simulated and real-world plots. Use Matlab's command: y=getdata(Nsamples_in_block, [Kblocks, [Tsampling, [leave_bias]]]) (Tsampling is in seconds, "[]" denote optional arguments).
- 5. Label an x-axis of above plot with time units, then repeat with sample indices (hint: plot(xvalues, yvalues, 'marker');).
- 6. write m-files implementing lecture examples of DT systems:

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{multiplier} & y(n) = 3 \cdot x(n) \\ \mbox{two sample averager } y(n) = \frac{x(n) + x(n-1)}{2} \\ \mbox{M sample averager } y(n) = \frac{1}{M} \sum_{k=0}^{M-1} x(n-k) \\ \mbox{compressor} & y(n) = x(Mn) \\ \mbox{$FIR filter$} & y(n) = \sum_{k=0}^{M} h(k) \cdot x(n-k) \\ \mbox{square value} & y(n) = (x(n))^2 \\ \end{array}$

Note: FIR filter is a lecture example limited to finite length h[k]

- 7. Make some experiments testing L and TI properties of above systems.
- 8. Plot impulse responses of all systems of item 6
- 9. Implement an accumulator and test it with $\delta[n]$ and u[n].
- 10. Implement $y(n) = a \cdot y(n-1) + x(n)$, accepting a and initial y as parameters. Test impulse response with zero initial condition, initial cond. response, then the combination of both for 0 < a < 1.
- 11. Experiment with different values of a.
- 12. Implement "from scratch" a convolution of two series. Compare results with conv. Check timing (help etime), and flops
- 13. Use convolution (conv())to find a response of an M sample averager to a sequence with four nonzero samples. Check results against the implementation of item 6. If you have tried 12, compare timing of your and system implementations
- 14. The same with system of item 10. Q: can you do it exactly?

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