ESPTR (English) Signal Processing in Telecommunications and Radar

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ESPTR: General information

"Credits" 2h/week lecture + 2h/week project.

Lecture Thursday, 08:15-10(Possible move to Tue, 08:15-10, probably room 122)

Team: dr J. Misiurewicz, dr K. Kulpa, mgr M. Malanowski

Contact J. Misiurewicz, (jmisiure@elka.pw.edu.pl) room 447. A web page is still

expanding (http://staff.elka.pw.edu.pl/~jmisiure/esptr)

Projects Simulation of a selected mechanism or technique. **Two** projects ("R" -

Radio/Radar, due mid-term, "T" - Telecomm, due before end of term), each with

two stages: 1. definition, 2. final. Environment: Matlab, Octave or NumPy, C/C++

(selected projects), other (special projects).

Exam A final exam during the session

5% proj. R1: definition

+ 20% proj. R2: final

+ 5% proj. T1: definition

+ 20% proj. T2: final

= 50% Project total

= 50% exam

Scoring:

Plan

- Some basics: frequency conversions, sampling&D/A, digital processing
- Radio channel, propagation, software radio, directional reception
- Radar basics, pulsed/CW radar, special radars
- Digital broadcasting and reception: DAB, DVB
- Cellular systems up to 4G/LTE, structure, modulations, receivers

Basics: sampling

- ideal sampling
- non-ideal sampling: model as LP filter(conv)+sampling(mul), integrating AD converter case (multimeter)
- Nyquist sampling
- undersampling of narrowband signals (ideal and non-ideal case)
- reconstruction (ideal and nonideal)
- Oversampling to ease the antialiasing filter design

The Sampling Theorem

Named also after:

- 1915 Edmund T. Whittaker (UK)
- 1928 Harry Nyquist [ny:kvist] (SE) → (US)
- 1928 Karl Küpfmüller (DE)
- 1933 Vladimir A. Kotelnikov (USSR)
- 1946 Gábor Dénes (HU) → Dennis Gabor (US)
- 1949 Claude E. Shannon (US)
- Cardinal Theorem of Interpolation Theory

Nyquist frequency, Nyquist rate

Sampling: bandlimited signal (aliasing problem)

Moiré pattern - as seen on TV, an exmaple of too low sampling frequency.

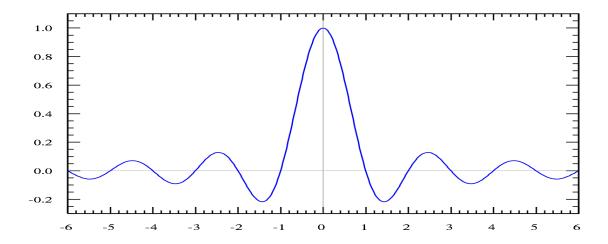
Reconstruction

Reconstruction: interpolation, (sinus cardinalis $sinc = Sa = \frac{sin(\pi x)}{\pi x} = j_0(\pi x)$)

$$x(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] \cdot \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{t - nT}{T}\right)$$

lowpass filtering (Küpfmüller filter) (DE)

$$x(t) = \left(\sum_{n = -\infty}^{\infty} x[n] \cdot \delta(t - nT)\right) * \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{t}{T}\right)$$



Bandpass sampling

(sometimes called "undersampling")

Bandwidth less than $f_s \longrightarrow \text{e.g.}$ a signal in the band $Nf_s \pm 0.5f_s$

Antialiasing filter: bandpass!

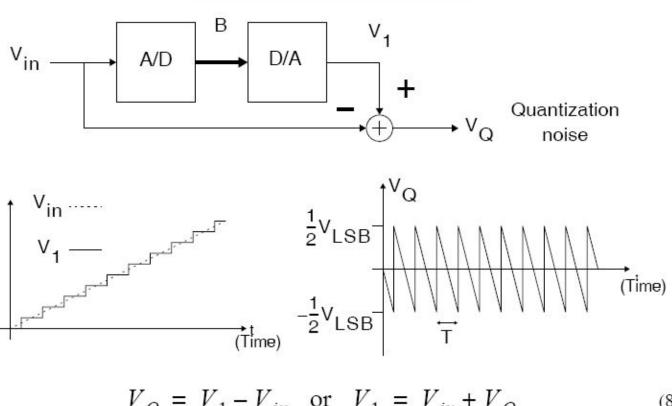
Reconstruction: with bandpass filter!

The influence of non-ideal sampling (*system bandwidth*) — unwanted lowpass filter.

Sampling jitter problem: present with Nyquist sampling, much sharper with bandpass sampling. (steeper slope of the signal at the sampling point...)

A/D noise

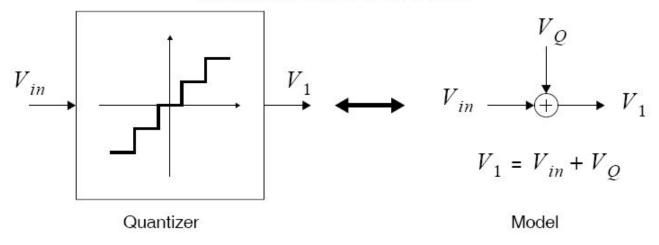
Quantization Noise



$$V_Q = V_1 - V_{in}$$
 or $V_1 = V_{in} + V_Q$ (8)

A/D noise

Quantization Noise



- · Above model is exact
 - approx made when assumptions made about $V_{\mathcal{O}}$
- \bullet Often assume V_{Q} is white, uniformily distributed number between $\pm V_{\rm LSB}/2$

A/D SNR

Noise amplitude: q/2 , assumed uniformly distributed $\longrightarrow \sigma_n^2 = \frac{q^2}{12}$ (power).

Each extra bit gives 2x smaller $q \longrightarrow$ 6.02 dB less noise.

SNR with assumption that "signal" is a maximum-amplitude $(V_{pp}=2^N\cdot q)$, and $power(sinusoid)=(V_{pp}/2)^2/2$) sinusoid:

$$SNR = 10\log_{10} \frac{\text{signal power}}{\text{noise power}} [dB] = 10\log_{10} \frac{(2^N q)^2/(2 \cdot 2^2)}{q^2/12} [dB] =$$

$$= 10\log_{10} (1.5 * 4^N) [dB] = 1.76 + 6.02 \cdot N[dB]$$

Oversampling

- More space for transition band of antialiasing filter (A/D) or reconstruction filter (D/A)
- (AD) later we may LP filter and downsample signal: we gain 1 bit of accuracy for a 4-sample average; more gain with noise shaping —> sigma-delta converters (not discussed further at ESPTR)

D/A

- speed
- bits
- nonidealities