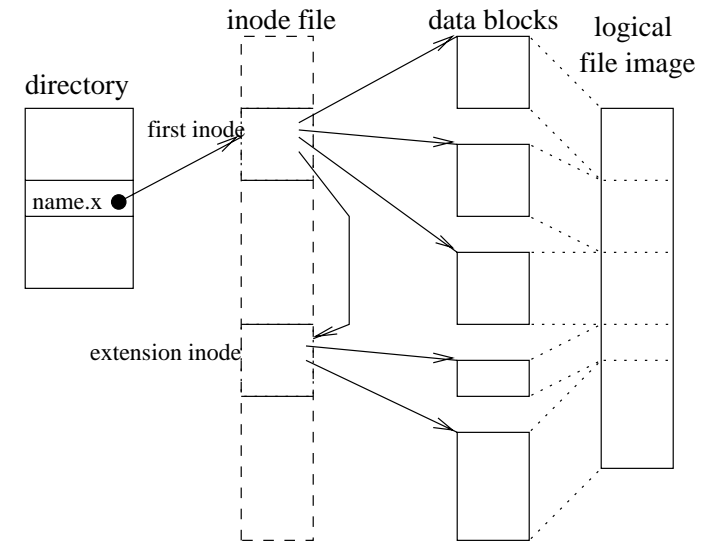


Today's lecture overview

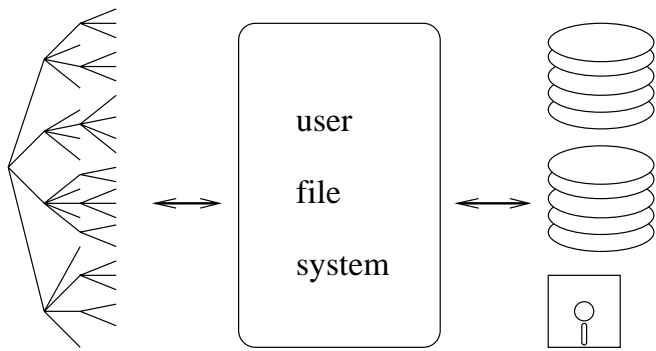
- User file system.
- File manipulation.
- File attributes.

1



3

User file system



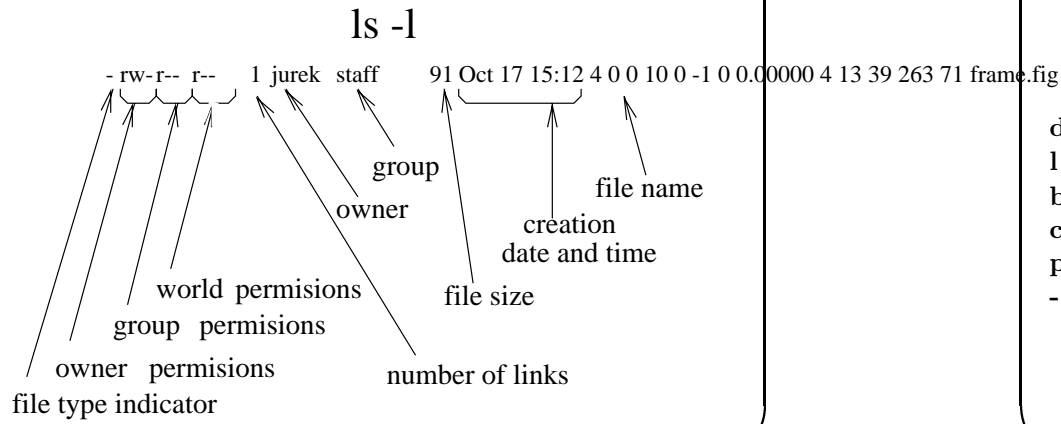
2

Special directories

- / – root directory
- . – this directory
- .. – parent directory
- /dev – links to device special files
- /devces – device special files

4

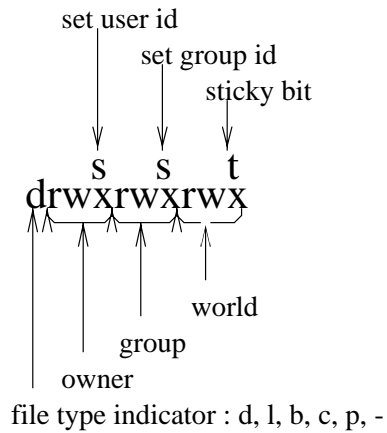
File attributes



File types

- d** – directory
- l** – symbolic link
- b** – block special file
- c** – character special file
- p** – pipe
- – ordinary file

File permissions



File permissions

- r** – read
- w** – write
- x** – execute
- s** – set uid og gid file
- t** – sticky bit

File manipulation commands

ls – list contents of directory
cp – copy files
mv – move files
rm – remove files
ln – create links
chmod – change file permissions
chown – change file owner
chgrp – change file group
more – display contents of the file (one page at a time)

9

Changing file permissions

`chmod [who] operator [permissions] files`

| <i>who:</i> | <i>operator:</i> |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| u – change user's permissions | + – add permissions |
| g – change group's permissions | - – clear permissions |
| o – change other's permissions | = – set permissions |
| a – change all permissions | |

Example:

```
chmod o+w document.txt
```

11

Listing files

ls – list contents of current directory
ls -l – list contents of current directory in long format
ls -R – list contents of current directory and all subdirectories
ls -x – list contents of current directory in multiple columns
ls -1 – list contents of current directory in one column

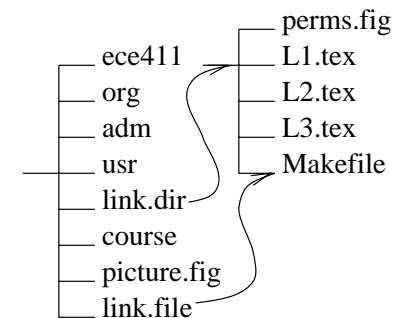
10

Linking files

`ln [-s] link_name file_name`

```
ln -s ece411 link.dir
```

```
ln -s ece411/Makefile link.file
```



12